

Data Presentation

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most examples adapted from:

Raj Jain. The art of computer systems performance analysis.

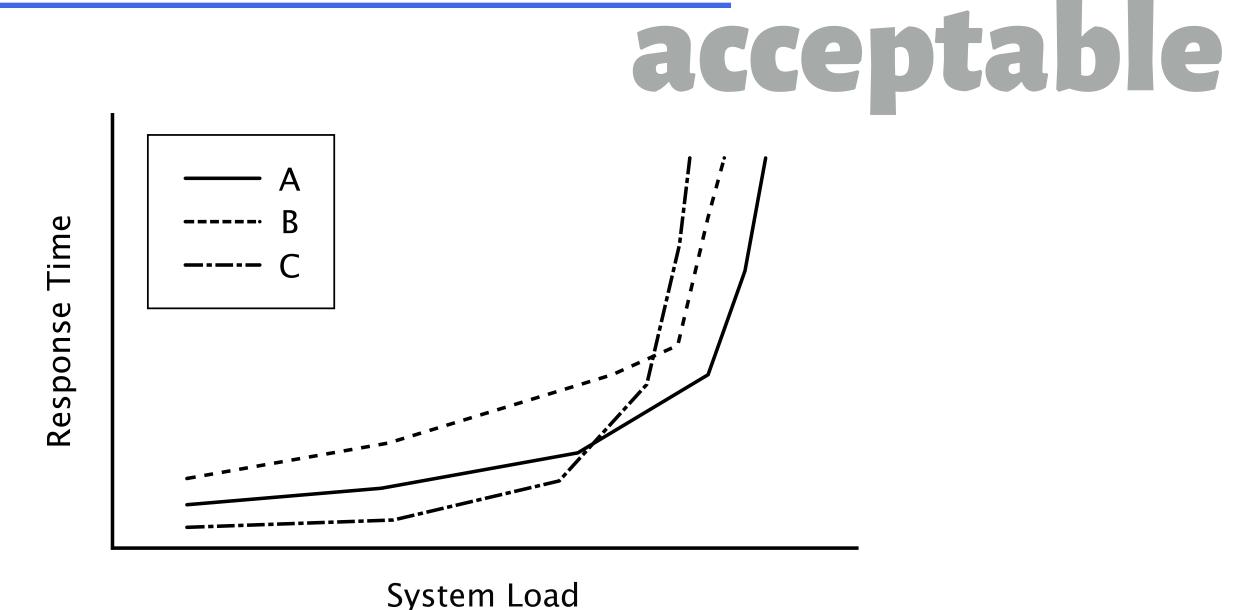
Guidelines for Charts

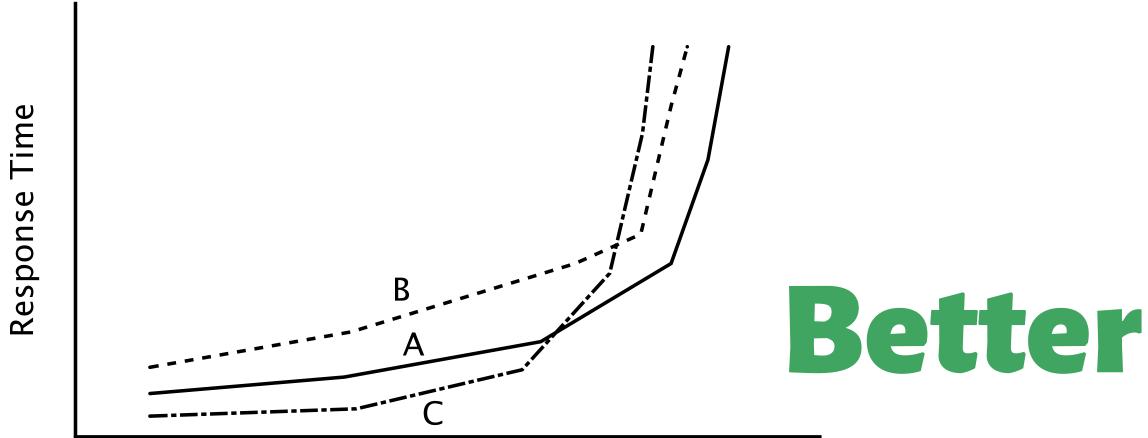
& Min. Effort for Reader

- most important aspect
- how much effort to understand?

Example

- legend box
- direct labeling
- axes labelseg., "Daily CPU usage"
- include unitseg., "CPU [seconds]"



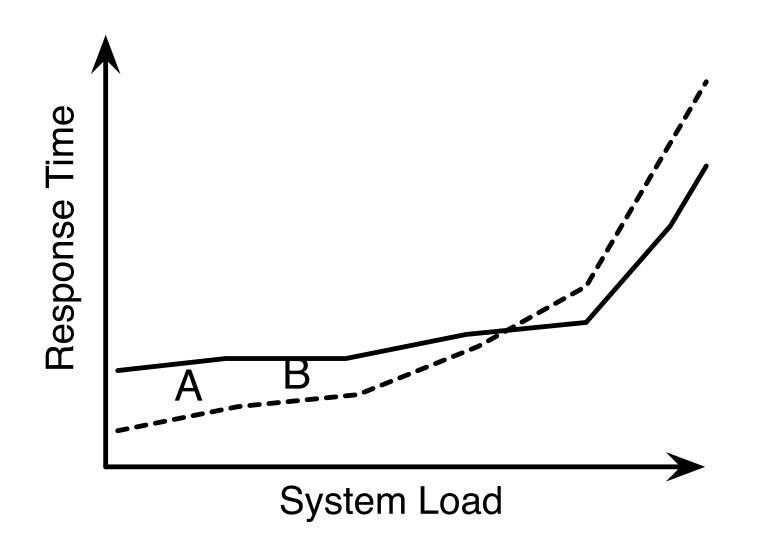


System Load

Guidelines for Charts

& Avoid Ambiguity

- ▶ Show coordinate axis, scale divisions, origin
- Identify individual curves
- Avoid potential source of misunderstanding

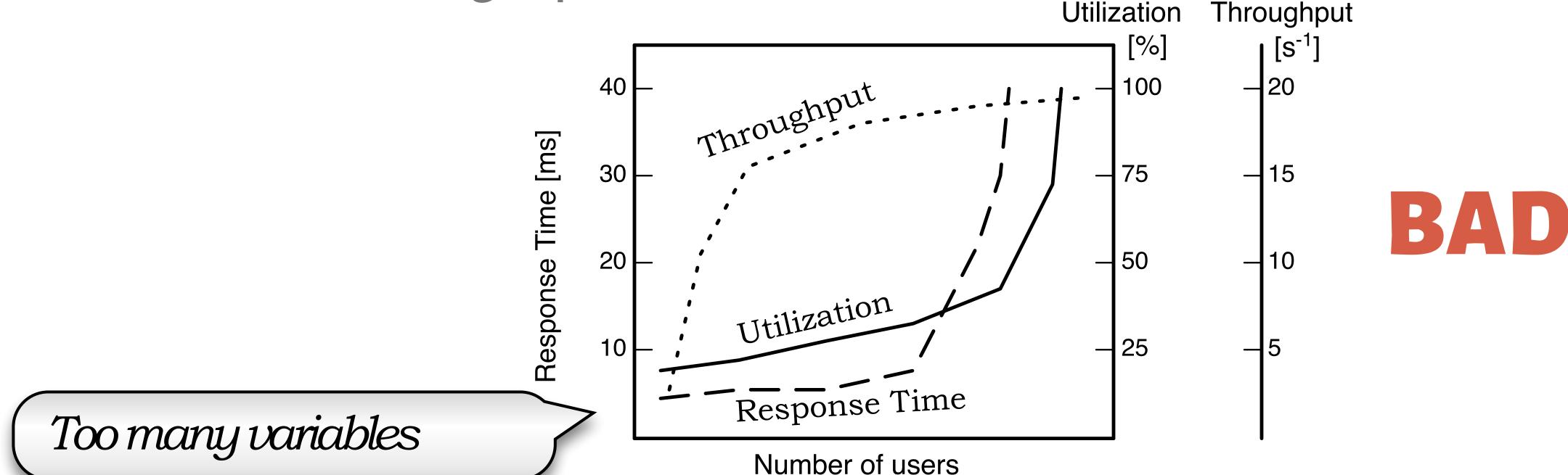




Common Mistakes

& Many Variables on One Chart

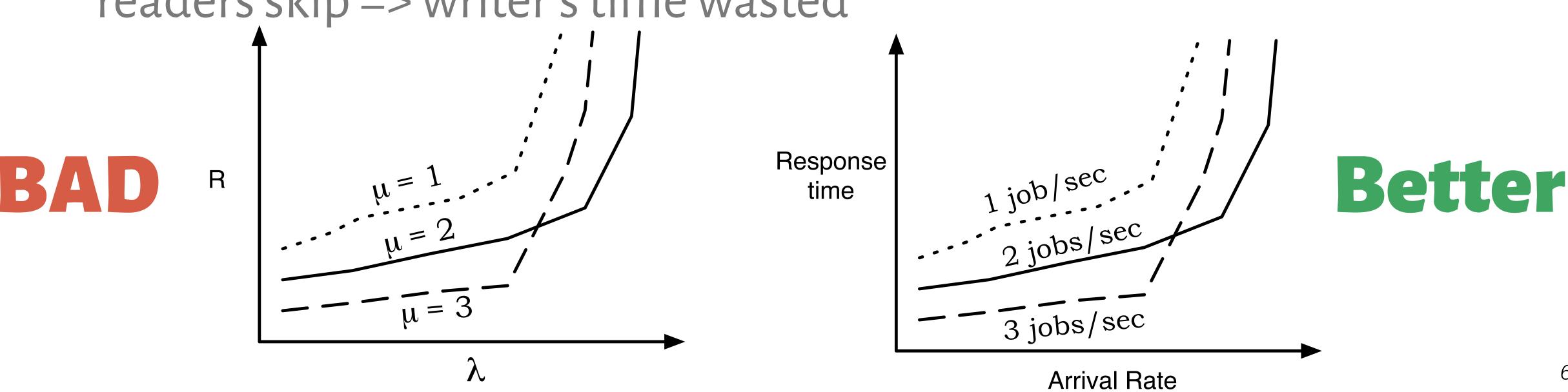
- saves space, but harder to read.
- > => message lost
- better: three different graphs



Common Mistakes

& Symbols in Place of Text

- symbols => readers must search text
- saves writers time
- ... or not?! readers skip => writer's time wasted

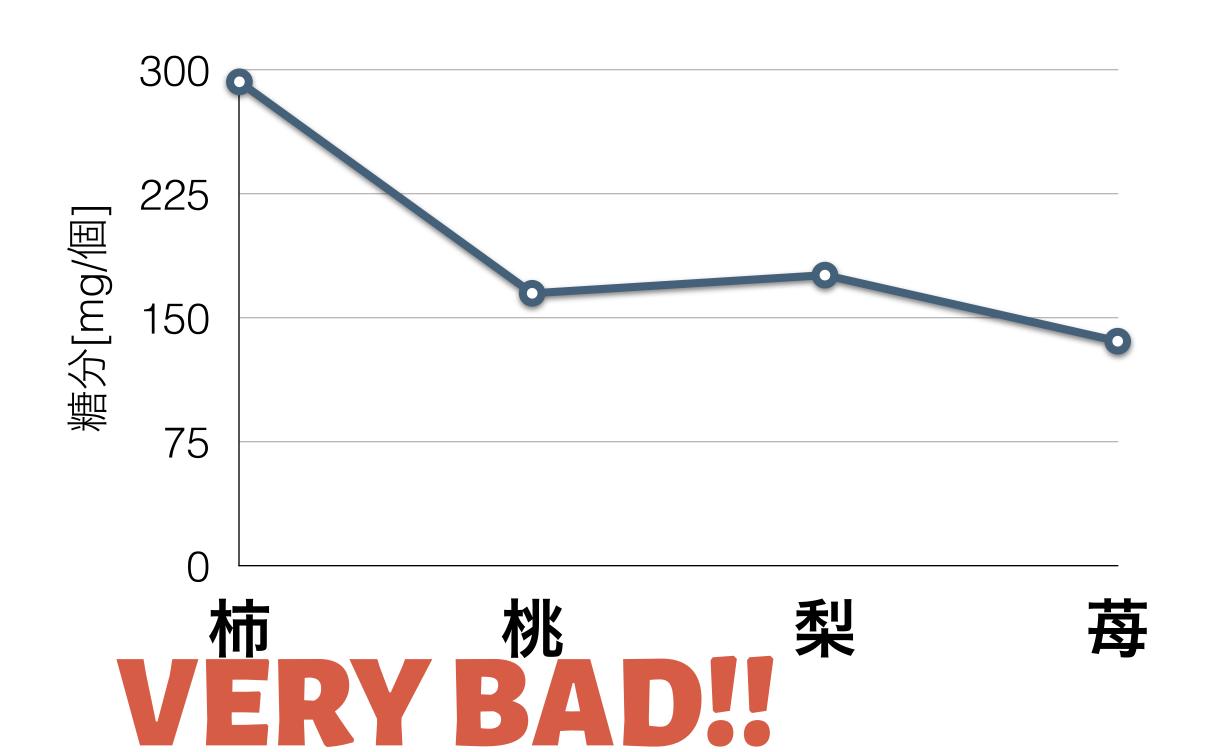


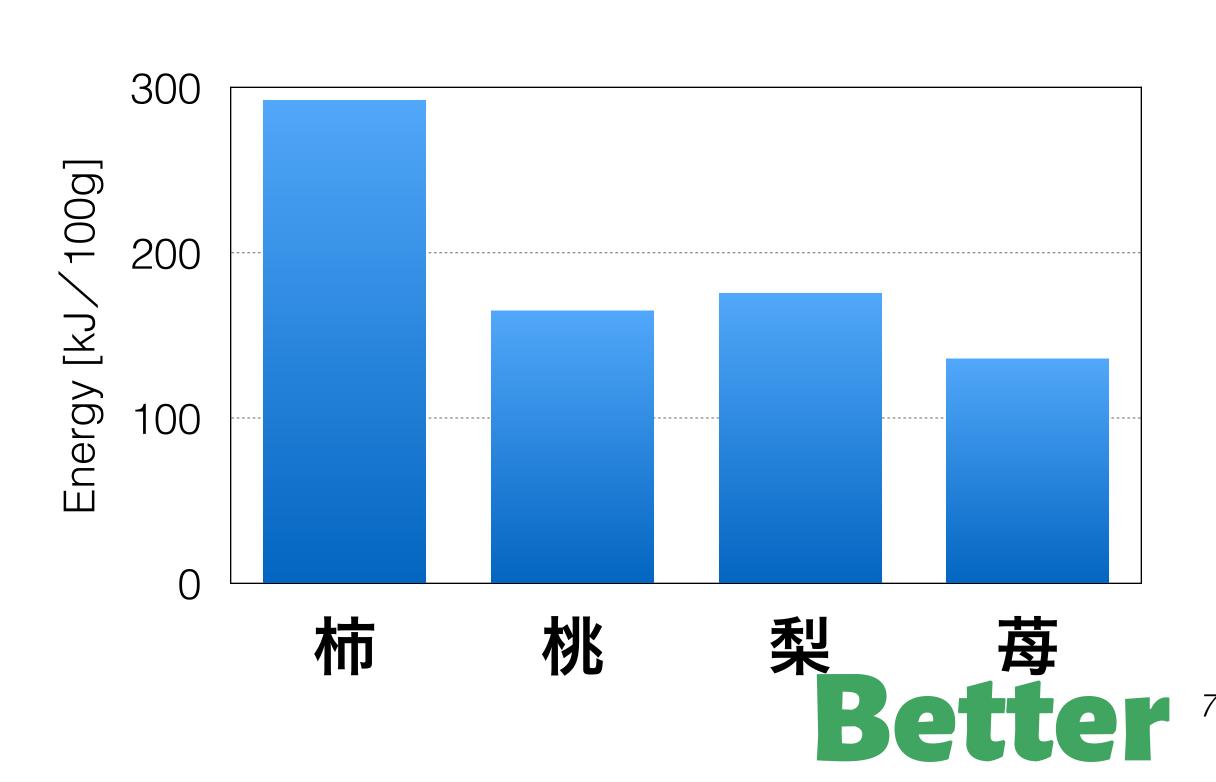
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Common Mistakes

& Line Chart in Place of Column Chart

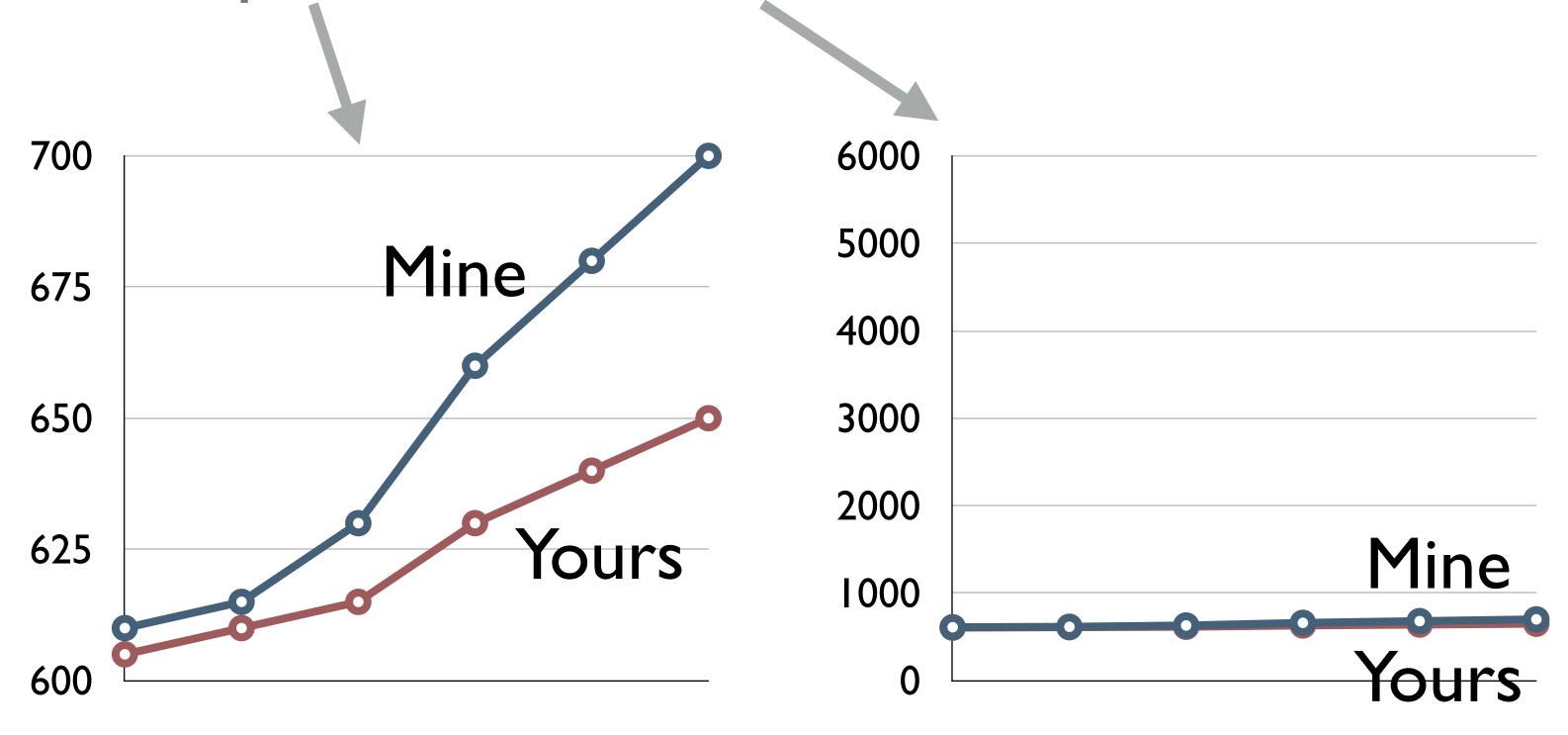
- joining points on line chart
 - => intermediate values can be interpolated

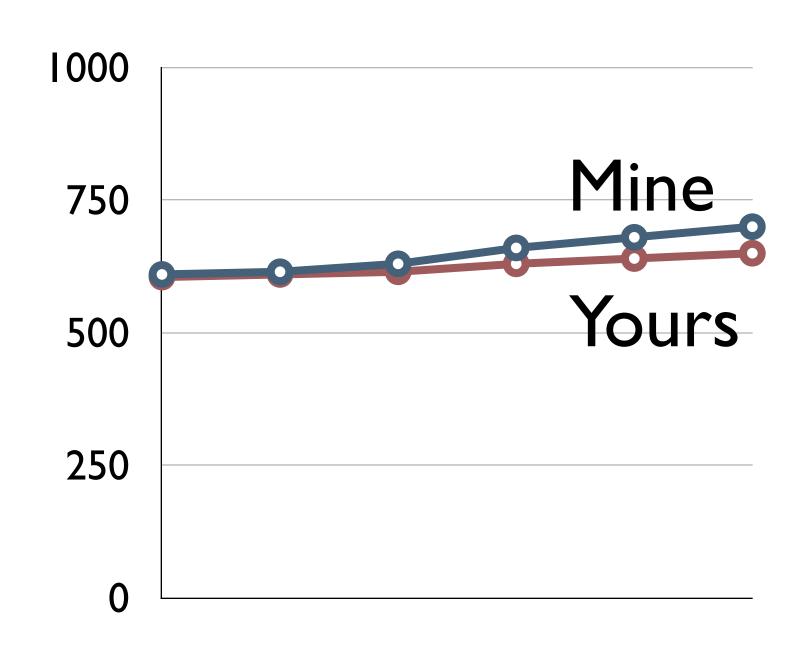




& Nonzero Origin

• emphasize or conceal the difference



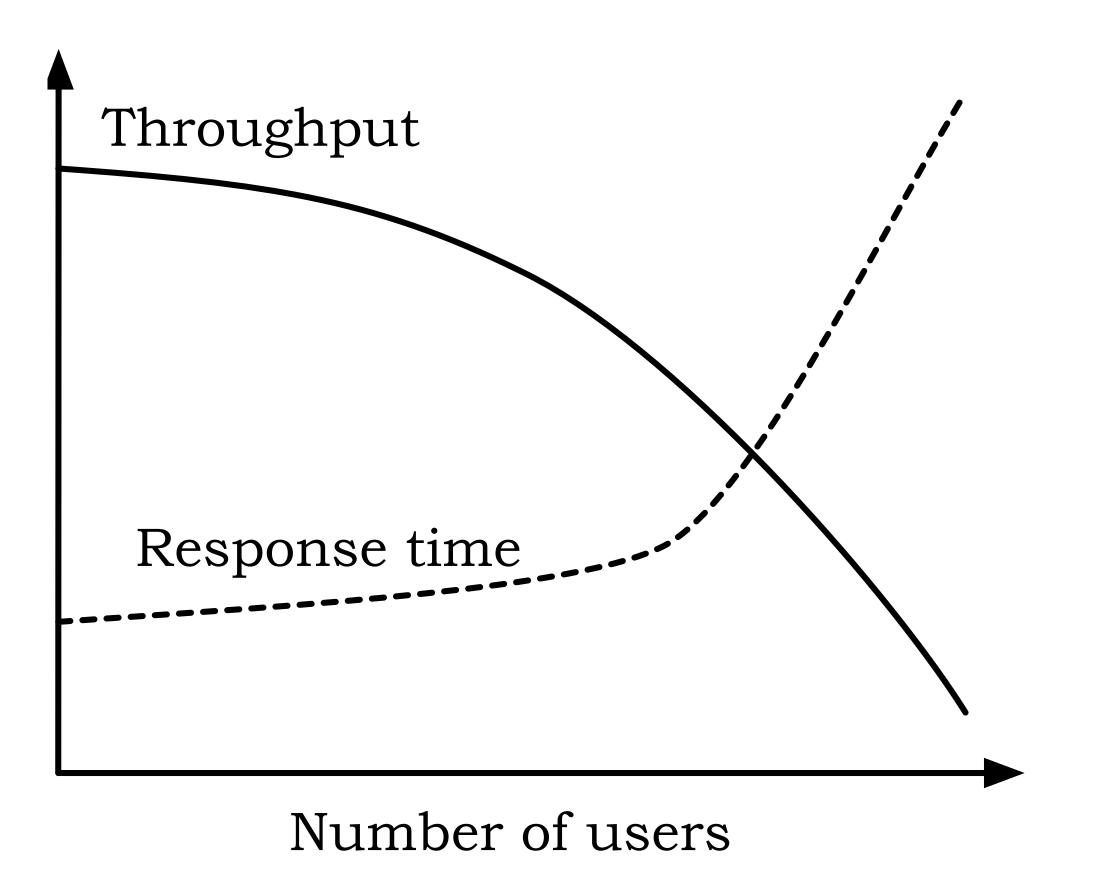






& Double-Whammy Graph

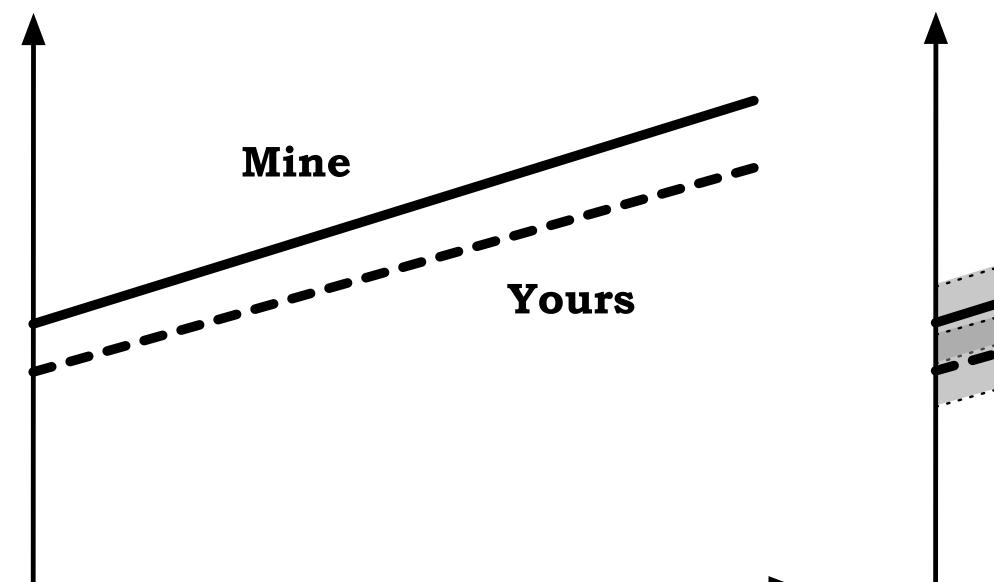
• exaggerate impact

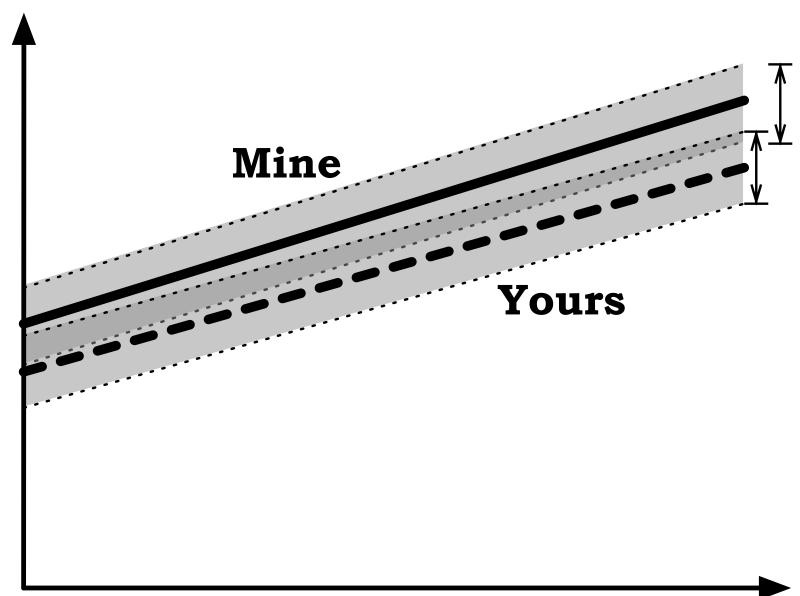




Random Quantities w/o Confidence Intervals

hides variability of the information

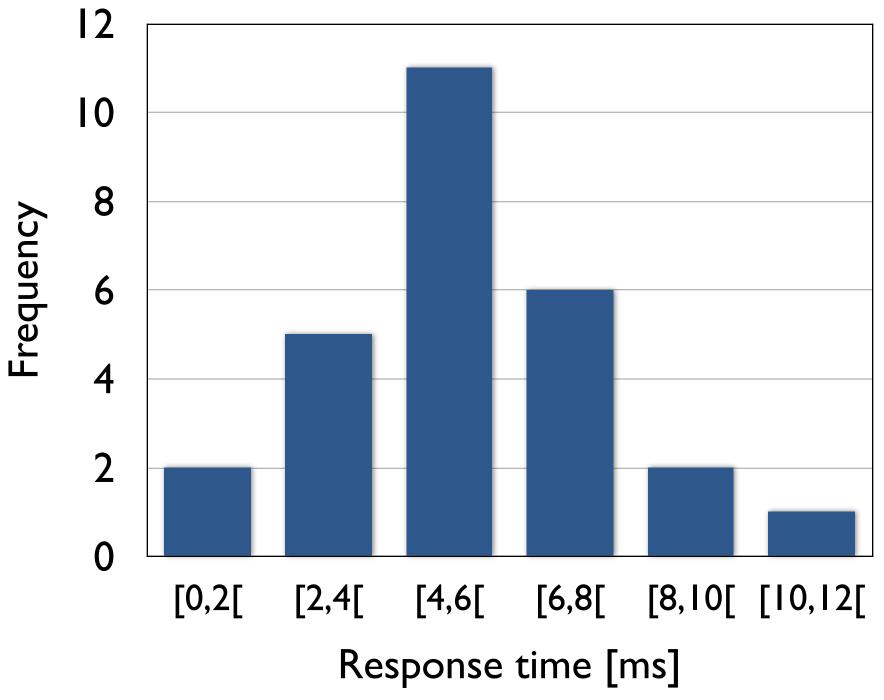


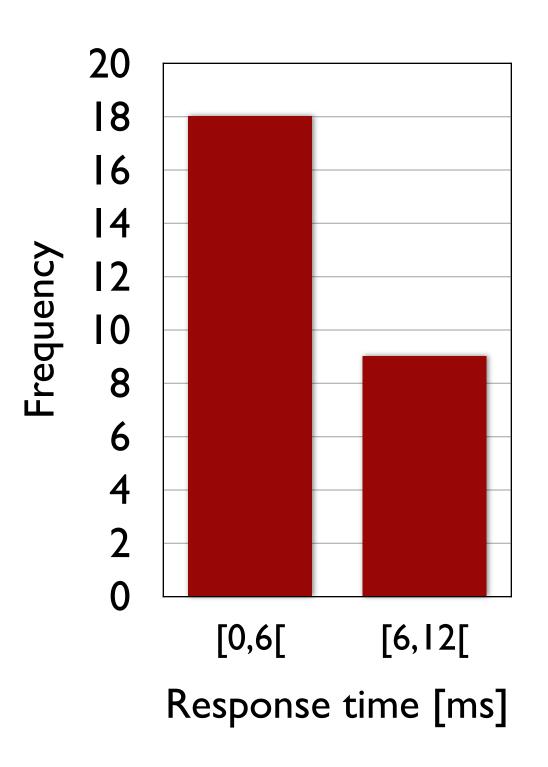




& Inappropriate Cell Size in Histograms

possible loss of information



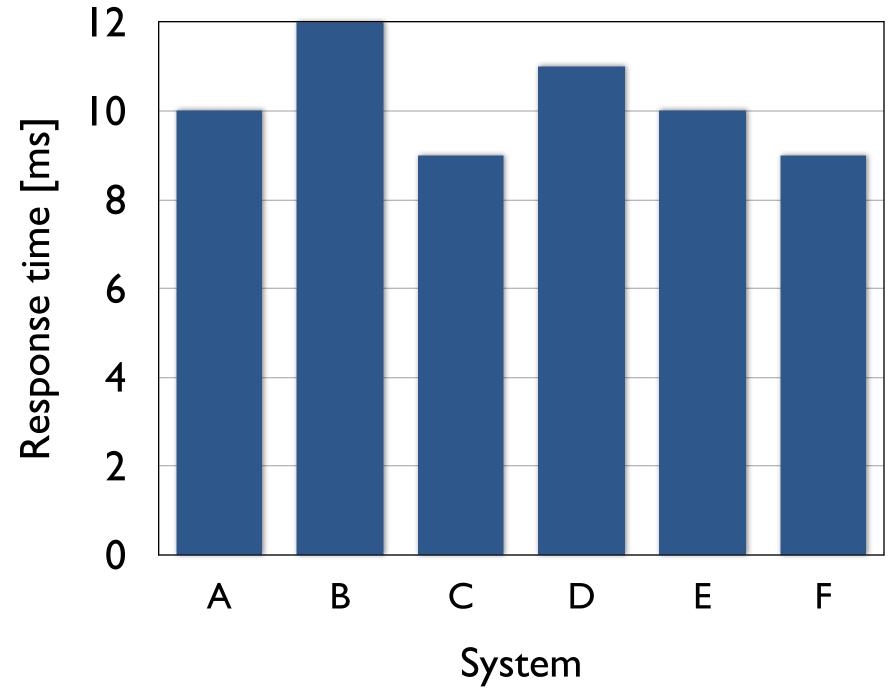


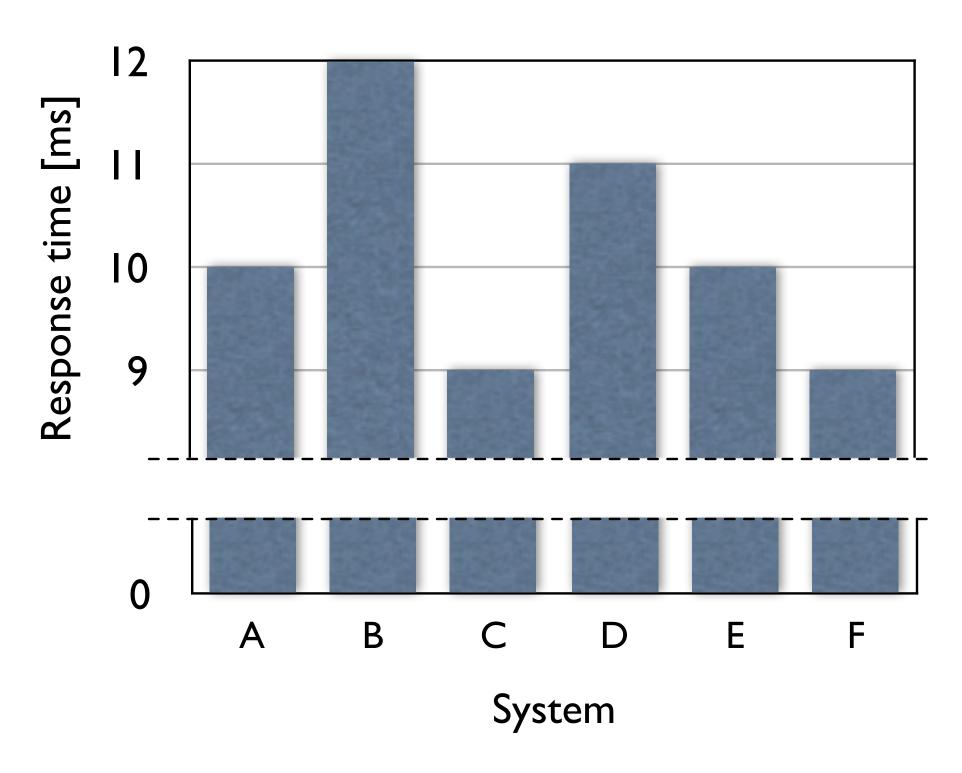




& Broken Scales in Column Charts

- exaggerate difference
- same as nonzero origin





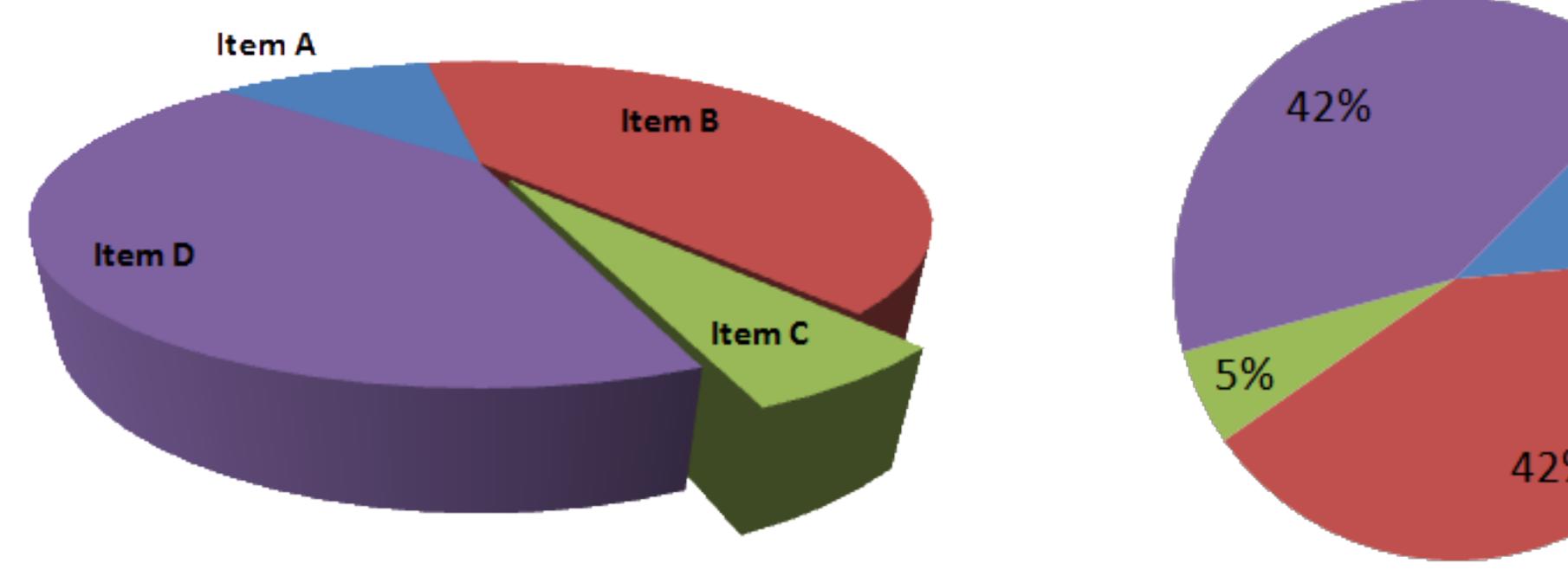


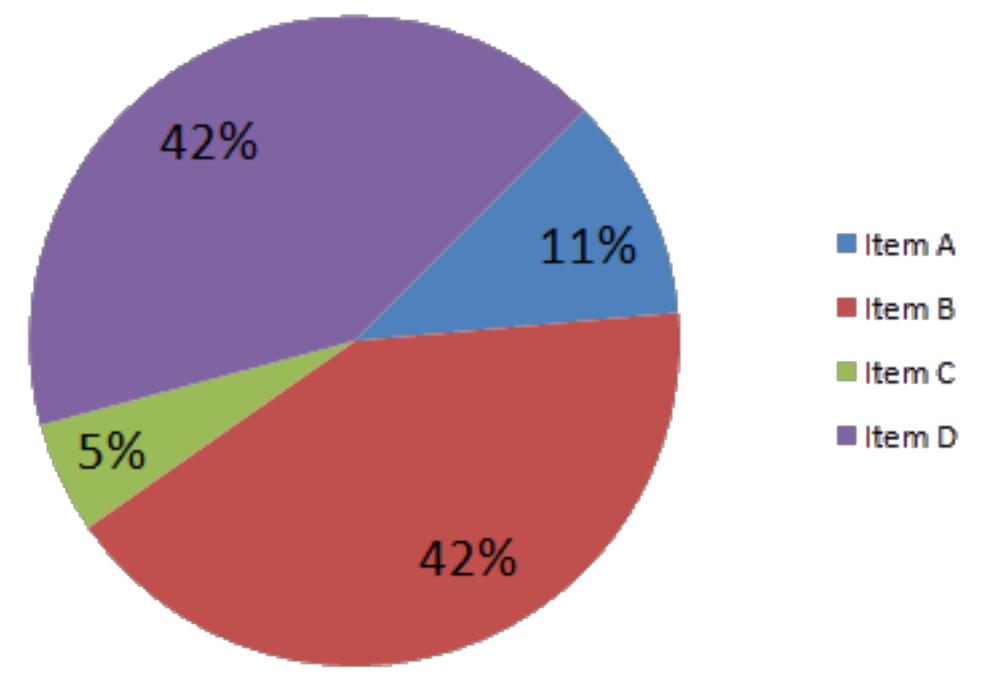




Misleading Pie Chart

Better

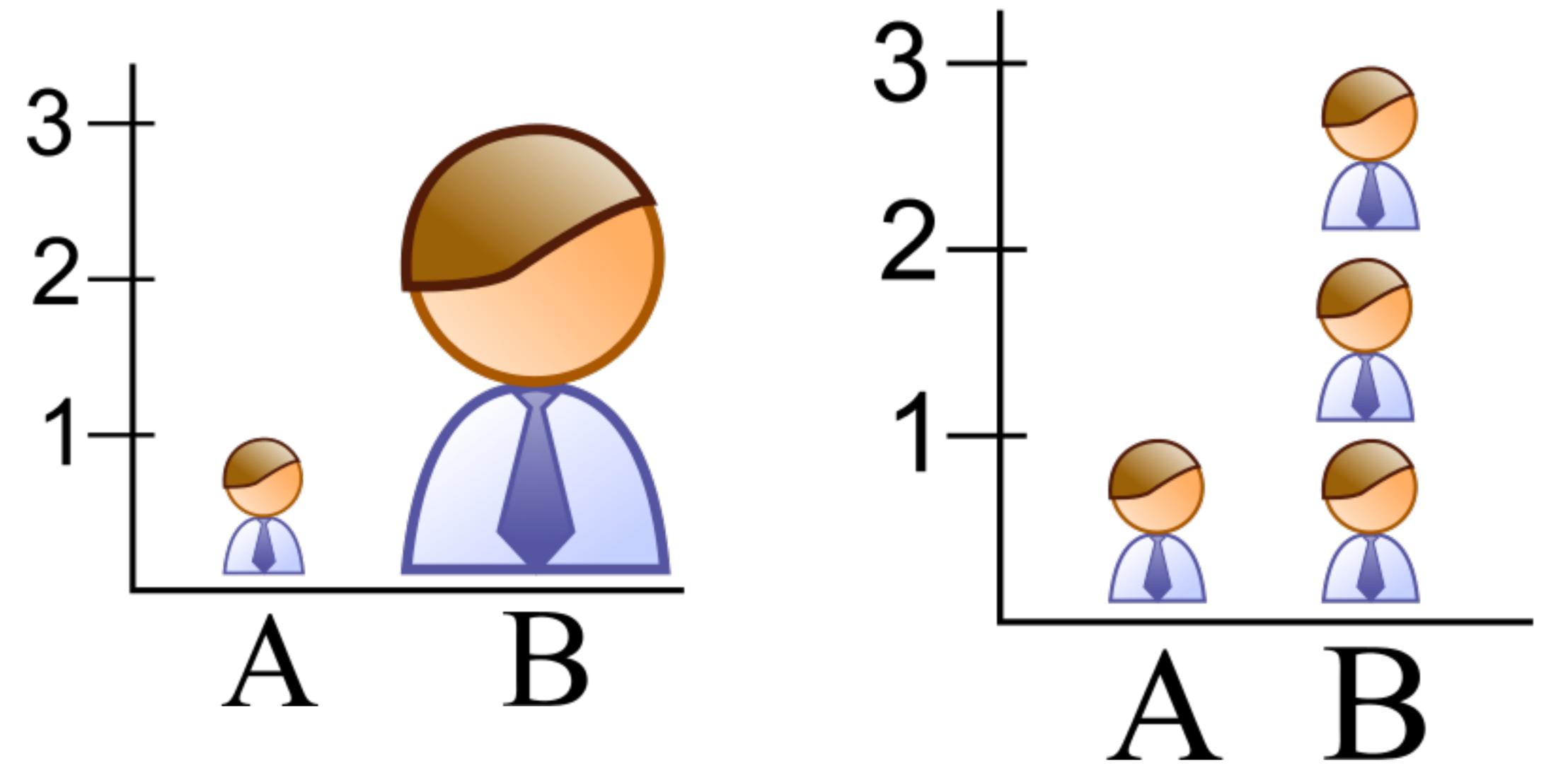




BAD

Improper Scaling

Better



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Misleading_graph